St. Brendan's NS.

The Square, Eyrecourt, Ballinasloe, Co. Galway. H53 R772



Scoil Bhreandáin Naofa, An Chearnóg, Dún an Uchta, Béal Átha na Sluaighe, Co. na Gaillimhe. H53 R772

Bí Cineálta Policy to Prevent and Address Bullying Behaviour

The Board of Management of St. Brendan's NS, Eyrecourt has adopted the following policy to prevent and address bullying behaviour.

This policy fully complies with the requirements of *Bí Cineálta: Procedures to Prevent and Address Bullying Behaviour for Primary and Post-Primary Schools* 2024.

The board of management acknowledges that bullying behaviour interferes with the rights of the child as set out in the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child. We all, as a school community, have a responsibility to work together to prevent and address bullying behaviour and to deal with the negative impact of bullying behaviour.

We are committed to ensuring that all students who attend our school are kept safe from harm and that the wellbeing of our students is at the forefront of everything that we do. We recognise the negative impact that bullying behaviour can have on the lives of our students, and we are fully committed to preventing and addressing bullying behaviour.

We confirm that we will, in accordance with our obligations under equality legislation, take all such steps that are reasonably practicable to prevent the harassment of students or staff on any of the nine grounds specified: gender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community.

We confirm that we will take all such steps that are reasonably practicable to prevent the bullying or harassment of our students in whatever form and however motivated.

Catholic schools have a distinctive understanding of the human person, recognising that every person is created in God's image and likeness and has inherent dignity as a child of God. This is the basis for ensuring that each person in our school is treated with respect and care, in accordance with the Catholic Schedule.

As a Catholic school, we are committed to respecting the dignity of every individual. No human person is to be devalued, and all have an indispensable part to play in the school community, regardless of difference.

Definition of bullying

Bullying is defined in *Cineáltas: Action Plan on Bullying* and *Bí Cineálta: Procedures to Prevent and Address Bullying Behaviour for Primary and Post-Primary Schools* as targeted behaviour, online or offline that causes harm. The harm caused can be physical, social and/or emotional in nature. Bullying behaviour is repeated over time and involves an imbalance of power in relationships between two people or groups of people in society. The detailed definition is provided in Chapter 2 of the Bí Cineálta procedures.

Each school is required to develop and implement a Bí Cineálta policy that sets out how the school community prevents and addresses bullying behaviour. Strategies to deal with inappropriate behaviour that is not bullying behaviour are provided for within the school's Code of Behaviour.

Section A: Development/review of our Bí Cineálta policy to prevent and address bullying behaviour

All members of our school community were provided with the opportunity to input into the development/review of this policy.

	Date consulted	Method of consultation			
School Staff	January 2025	Staff survey			
		Staff meetings and review of draft policy			
Students	March, April, May 2025	Student surveys			
		Student focus groups			
Parents	May 2025	Parent surveys			
		Engagement with Parents Association			
Board of Management	February 2025	Communication on policy development			
	June 2025	Review of draft policy			
Date policy was approved:					
Date policy was last reviewed:					

The school has the following supervision and monitoring policies in place to prevent and address bullying behaviour (see Chapter 5 of the Bí Cineálta procedures):

Appropriate supervision is an important measure to help prevent and address bullying behaviour.

At St. Brendan's NS the following procedures are in place regarding supervision;

- Before classes begin each morning, during all breaks and after school ends, teachers fulfil a supervisory role in the school grounds, corridors and classrooms.
- All organised in-school activities at break times, before or after school are supervised by a teacher.
- Teachers remain with their class during coaching or teaching by external facilitators.
- Yard supervision by rota with teacher and SNA on yard daily.

All trips out of the school grounds are supervised by teachers.

Section B: Preventing Bullying Behaviour

This section sets out the prevention strategies that will be used by this school to address all forms of bullying behaviour, in whatever form and however motivated, including online bullying behaviour, homophobic and transphobic bullying behaviour, racist bullying behaviour, sexist bullying behaviour and sexual harassment.

In developing preventative strategies which this school will use to prevent all forms of bullying behaviour, we come from the context of our Catholic ethos where inclusivity permeates the school in a real way.

This school takes positive steps to ensure that the culture of the school is one which welcomes a respectful dialogue and encounter with diversity and difference, by ensuring that prevention and inclusivity strategies are given priority and discussed regularly at board of management and staff meetings.

The dignity and the wellbeing of the individual person is of paramount concern in our Christian response. This school will listen closely to and dialogue with parents, thereby building a relationship of mutual understanding, respect, trust and confidence.

In continuing to develop prevention strategies, this school will listen to young people and parents, to help establish their particular context and needs. Frequent periods of reflection and engagement by the school, young people and parents, will be used to discern appropriate supports for young people in this school and to help inform future prevention strategies.

The education and prevention strategies used by this school include the following:

- The anti-bullying module of the SPHE programme as it applies during each school year, particularly the relevant exercises from the "Walk Tall" and "Stay Safe" programmes,
- Awareness-raising exercises from the 'Awareness-Raising' strand of the Anti-Bullying Campaign
 programme, pro-actively explaining the nature and variety, causes, negative consequences and
 unacceptability of bullying.

Using a combination of exercises from these programmes on a monthly basis, pupils will experience approximately 10 short awareness-raising exercises in each year they are in primary school. In the process:

- Pupils are helped to examine the issue of bullying in a calm rational way, outside of the tense context
 of particular bullying situations and so become more aware of the nature of bullying and the various
 forms that it can take.
- Pupils are made aware that the consequences of bullying behaviour are always bad for those who are targeted, even if this is not always obvious at the time.
- Pupils are encouraged to recognise and reject bullying behaviour and to report it to teachers, either spontaneously or through surveys that are regularly used in the school each year e.g. a survey of all pupils who can read and write every half-term.
- An annual anti-bullying/friendship week.

Through presentations or other exercises, the school staff and parents/guardians are made aware of the nature and impact of bullying and the signs that might indicate that a pupil is being bullied. They are encouraged to be vigilant in watching out for signs of bullying and to report any suspicion of bullying they may have to the class teacher (in the case of staff members) or any staff member (in the case of parents/guardians).

Through regular reports in school newsletters and other communications, as well as at meetings with parent/guardian groups, parents/guardians are regularly informed of the anti-bullying activities of the school and encouraged to support this work.

Appendix 5 gives a comprehensive list of the combined awareness raising exercises available from the "Stay Safe," "Walk Tall" and Anti-Bullying Campaign programmes.

Section C: Addressing Bullying Behaviour

The **class teacher** has the responsibility of addressing allegations of bullying behaviour following the procedures outlined in this policy.

When bullying behaviour has been identified following investigation, the school will;

- > ensure that the student experiencing bullying behaviour is heard and reassured
- > seek to ensure the privacy of those involved
- > conduct all conversations with sensitivity, empathy and respect for the child/children
- > consider the age and ability of those involved
- > listen to the views of the student who is experiencing the bullying behaviour as to how best to address the situation
- > take action in a timely manner
- > inform parents of those involved
- > provide support for all those involved

At St. Brendan's NS, the following steps will be taken to identify if bullying behaviour has occurred:

The primary aim in addressing reports of bullying behaviour should be to stop the bullying behaviour and to restore, as far as practicable, the relationships of the students involved, rather than to apportion blame.

Reporting bullying behaviour

- Any pupil or parent(s)/guardian(s) may bring a bullying incident to any teacher in the school
- All reports, including anonymous reports of bullying, will be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher (class teacher)
- Teaching and non-teaching staff such as secretaries, special needs assistants (SNAs), should report
 any incidents of bullying behaviour witnessed by them, or mentioned to them, to the relevant
 teacher (class teacher)

Investigating and dealing with incidents:

• In investigating and dealing with bullying, the relevant teacher will exercise her/his professional judgement to determine whether bullying has occurred and how best the situation might be resolved.

To do so, the teacher should consider the definition of bullying provided in the Bí Cineálta policy and ask has the behaviour met 3 criteria: is the behaviour **targeted**, causing **harm** and **repeated**?.

- Parent(s)/guardian(s) and pupils are required to co-operate with any investigation and assist the school in resolving any issues and restoring, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved as quickly as possible.
- Teachers should take a calm, unemotional problem-solving approach, with the aim of establishing the facts while providing a supportive environment for children involved.
- Where possible incidents should be investigated outside the classroom situation to ensure the privacy of all involved.
- All interviews should be conducted with sensitivity and with due regard to the rights of all pupils concerned. Pupils who are not directly involved can also provide very useful information in this way.
- When analysing incidents of bullying behaviour, the relevant teacher should seek answers to questions of what?, where?, when?, who? and why?. This should be done in a calm manner, setting an example in dealing effectively with a conflict in a non-aggressive, empathetic and supportive manner.
- If a group is involved, each member should be interviewed at first. Thereafter, all those involved should be met as a group. At the group meeting, each member should be asked for his/her account of what happened to ensure that everyone in the group is clear about each other's statements.
- Each member of a group should be supported through possible pressures that may face them from the other members of the group after the interview by the teacher.
- It may also be appropriate or helpful to ask those involved to write down their account of the incident(s).
- Record keeping is very important during the investigation stage. Written records should be kept,
 and the teacher should remain impartial in their recording of details disclosed by parties
 involved. Ideally 2 teachers should be present, one to take notes and one to investigate.

At St. Brendan's NS the following steps will be taken to address bullying behaviour when it has occurred:

• In cases where it has been determined by the relevant teacher that bullying behaviour has occurred, the parent(s)/guardian(s) of the parties involved should be contacted at an early stage

to inform them of the matter and explain the actions being taken (by reference to the school policy).

- The school should give parent(s)/guardian(s) an opportunity of discussing ways in which they can reinforce or support the actions being taken by the school and the supports provided to the pupils.
- Where the relevant teacher has determined that a pupil has been engaged in bullying behaviour, it should be made clear to them how they is in breach of the school's Bí Cineálta policy and efforts should be made to try to explain the situation from the perspective of the pupil being bullied.
- It is important to listen to the views of the student who is experiencing the bullying behaviour as to how best to address the situation.
- A record should be kept of the engagement with all involved.
- This record should document the form and type of bullying behaviour, if known (see Section 2.5 and 2.7 of the Bi Cineálta procedures), where and when it took place and the date of the initial engagement with the students involved and their parents.
- The record should include the views of the students and their parents regarding the actions to be taken to address the bullying behaviour.

At St. Brendan's NS, the following steps will be taken to review progress if bullying behaviour has occurred:

- The teacher must engage with the students involved and their parents again no more than 20 school days after the initial engagement.
- Important factors to consider as part of this engagement are the nature of the bullying behaviour,
 the effectiveness of the strategies used to address the bullying behaviour and the relationship between the students involved.
- The teacher should document the review with students and their parents to determine if the bullying behaviour has ceased and the views of students and their parents in relation to this. The record should include the following:
 - The date that it has been determined that the bullying behaviour has ceased should also be recorded.

- Any engagement with external services/supports should also be noted.
- Ongoing supervision and support may be needed for the students involved even where bullying behaviour has ceased.
- If the bullying behaviour has not ceased the teacher should review the strategies used in consultation with the students involved and their parents. A timeframe should be agreed for further engagement until the bullying behaviour has ceased.
- If it becomes clear that the student who is displaying the bullying behaviour is continuing to display the behaviour, then the school consideration should be given to using the strategies to deal with inappropriate behaviour as provided for within the school's Code of Behaviour. If disciplinary sanctions are considered, this is a matter between the relevant student, their parents and the school.
- If a parent(s) is not satisfied with how the bullying behaviour has been addressed by the school, in accordance with the Bí Cineálta Procedures to Prevent and Address Bullying Behaviour for Primary and Post-Primary Schools, they should be referred to the school's complaints procedures
- If a parent is dissatisfied with how a complaint has been handled, they may make a complaint to the Ombudsman for Children if they believe that the school's actions have had a negative effect on the student

Requests to take no action

A student reporting bullying behaviour may ask that a member of staff does nothing about the behaviour other than "look out" for them. The student may not want to be identified as having told someone about the bullying behaviour. They may feel that telling someone might make things more difficult for them. Where this occurs, it is important that the member of staff shows empathy to the student, deals with the matter sensitively and speaks with the student to work out together what steps can be taken to address the matter and how their parents will be informed of the situation. It is important that the student who has experienced bullying behaviour feels safe.

Parents may also make schools aware of bullying behaviour that has occurred and specifically request

that the school take no action. Parents should put this request in writing to the school or be facilitated to

do so where there are literacy, digital literacy or language barriers. However, while acknowledging the

parent's request, schools may decide that, based on the circumstances, it is appropriate to address the

bullying behaviour.

Section D – Oversight

The principal will present an update on bullying behaviour at each board of management meeting (Appendix 1). This update will include the number of incidents of bullying behaviour that have been

reported since the last meeting, the number of ongoing incidents and the total number of incidents since the beginning of the school year. Where incidents of bullying behaviour have occurred, the principal will

also provide a verbal update which will include where relevant, information relating to trends and patterns identified, strategies used to address the bullying behaviour and any wider strategies to prevent and

address bullying behaviour where relevant. This update does not contain personal or identifying

information. (See Chapter 7 of the Bí Cineálta procedures, for further information.)

This policy is available to our school community on the school's website and in hard copy on request. A

student friendly version of this policy is displayed in the school and is also availa-ble on our website and

in hard copy on request.

This policy and its implementation will be reviewed, following input from our school community, each

calendar year or as soon as practicable after there has been a material change in any matter to which this

policy refers (Appendix 2 and 3).

Signed: Date: (Chairperson of board of management)

Signed: Date:

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Bullying Behaviour Update for Board of Management

Bullying Behaviour Update for board of management meeting of DD/MM/YYYY

Having reviewed the details of the incidents of bullying behaviour that have been reported since the previous board of management meeting, the principal must provide the following information at each ordinary meeting of the board of management:

Total number of new incidents of bullying behaviour reported since the last board of	
management meeting	
Total number of incidents of bullying behaviour currently ongoing	
Total number of incidents of bullying behaviour reported since the beginning of this school year	

Where incidents of bullying behaviour have been reported since the last meeting, the update must include a verbal report which should include the following information where relevant:

- the trends and patterns identified such as the form of bullying behaviour, type of bullying behaviour if known, location of bullying behaviour, when it occurred etc.
- the strategies used to address the bullying behaviour any wider strategies to prevent and address bullying behaviour
- if any serious incidents of bullying behaviour have occurred which have had a serious adverse
 impact on a student
- if a parent has informed the school that a student has left the school because of reported bullying behaviour
- if any additional support is needed from the board of management
- if the school's Bí Cineálta policy requires urgent review in advance of the annual review

This update should not include any information that could identify the students involved.

Notification regarding the board of management's annual review of the school's Bí Cineálta Policy.

The Board of Management of co	nfirms that the board of management's annual review of the
school's Bí Cineálta Policy to Pre	vent and Address Bullying Behaviour and its implementation was
completed at the board of mana	gement meeting of [date].
This review was conducted in acc	ordance with the requirements of the Department of Education's B
Cineálta Procedures to Prevent a	nd Address Bullying Behaviour for Primary and Post-Primary
Schools.	
Signed:	Date:
(Chairperson of Board of manage	ement)
(Champerson or Board or manage	
Signed:	Date:
J	
(Principal)	

Review of the Bí Cineálta Policy

Please circle Yes/No as necessary 1. When did the Board formally adopt its Bí Cineálta policy to prevent and address bullying behaviour in accordance with the Bí Cineálta Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools? Insert date when the Bí Cineálta policy was last adopted by the school. _____/20____ 2. Where in the school is the student friendly Bí Cineálta policy displayed? 3. What date did the Board publish the Bí Cineálta policy and the student friendly policy on the school website? _____/20____ 4. How has the student friendly policy been communicated to students? 5. How has the Bí Cineálta policy and student friendly policy been communicated to parents? 6. Have all school staff been made aware of the school's Bí Cineálta policy and the Bí Cineálta Procedures to Prevent and Address Bullying Behaviour for Primary and Post-Primary Schools? Yes/No 7. Does the Bí Cineálta policy document the strategies that the school uses to prevent bullying behaviour? Yes/No 8. Has the Board received and minuted the Bullying Behaviour Update presented by the principal at every ordinary board meeting over the last calendar year?

Yes/No

Bullying (Deliberate/Targeted, Repeated, Harmful/Hurtful Behaviour) can take a number of forms. These may include any of the following (this list is not exhaustive):

• Repeated aggressive behaviour/attitude/body language, for example:

Shouting and uncontrolled anger

Personal insults

Verbal abuse

Offensive language directed at an individual

Continually shouting or dismissing others

Public verbal attacks/criticism

Domineering behaviour

Open aggression

Offensive gestures and unwanted physical contact

Intimidation, either physical, psychological or emotional, for example:

Treating in a dictatorial manner

Ridicule

Persistent slagging

Deliberate staring with the intent to discomfort

Persistent rudeness in behaviour and attitude toward a particular individual

Asking inappropriate questions/making inappropriate comments re. personal life/family

Asking inappropriate questions/making inappropriate comments re. social life or schoolwork

• Interference with property, for example:

Stealing/damaging books or equipment

Stealing/damaging clothing or other property

Demanding money with menaces

Persistently moving, hiding or interfering with property

Marking/defacing property

• Undermining/Public or Private Humiliation, for example:

Condescending tone

Deliberately withholding significant information and resources

Deliberately and maliciously sharing private images in social media

Malicious, disparaging or demeaning comments

Malicious tricks/derogatory jokes

Knowingly spreading rumours

Belittling others' efforts, their enthusiasm or their new ideas

Derogatory or offensive nicknames (name-calling)

Using electronic or other media for any of the above (cyber bullying)

Disrespectfully mimicking a particular individual in his/her absence

Deliberately refusing to address issues focusing instead on the person

• Ostracising or isolating, for example:

Deliberately marginalising an individual

Deliberately preventing a person from joining a group or manipulating friendship groups

Deliberately preventing from joining in an activity, schoolwork-related or recreational

Deliberately trying to create dislike by others

Blaming a pupil for things s/he did not do

Prevention / Awareness Raising

	Exercises from: "Walk Tall"	Exercises from: "Stay Safe"	Exercises from: "Anti-Bullying Campaign
Junior Infants	3.3 Kind or not so Kind	2.1 Friendship 2.2 What is Bullying?	9 Exercises – Friendship, Kindness and Respect
Senior Infants		2.3 How can we stop Bullying?	9 Exercises – Friendship, Kindness and Respect
1 st Class		2.1 Friendship2.2 What is Bullying2.3 Exclusion	9 Exercises – Friendship, Kindness and Respect
2 nd Class	4.6 Bullying (Cope - Tell)	2.4 Effect of Bullying 2.5 Class Agreement	9 Anti – Bullying Exercises
3 rd Class	4.1 What is Bullying 4.2 The Effects of Bullying 4.3 What we think of Bullying 4.4 Witnessing Bullying 5.5 Bully Free Zone 4.6 Standing up to Bullying	2.1 Friendship2.2 What is Bullying?2.3 Other types of Bullying	9 Anti – Bullying Exercises
4 th Class	5.3 Dealing with Bullying	2.4 Cyber – Bullying 2.5 Coping with Bullying 2.6 Class Agreement	9 Anti – Bullying Exercises
5 th Class	7.4 Bullying 8.4 Name Calling	2.1 Friendship 2.2 What is Bullying 2.3 Other types of Bullying	9 Anti – Bullying Exercises
6 th Class	8.4 Bullying 9.5 Name Calling	2.4 Cyber – Bullying 2.5 Coping with Bullying 2.6 Class Agreement	9 Anti – Bullying Exercises